The Rise Of Western Power A Comparative History Of Western Civilization Ebook Jonathan Daly | 9ce2f7a97987da5b56ad2cbf89c4590

Body, Ritual and Identity: The Rise of Western Power

1412, Europe was a miserable backwater ravaged by plague, bad sanitation and incessant war, while the Orient was home to the world’s largest trading nation, China. In this vital, brilliant book, Niall Ferguson reveals the...
A leading foreign policy thinker uses Chinese political theory to explain why some powers rise as others decline and what this means for the international order. Why has China grown increasingly important in the world arena while lagging behind the United States and its allies across sectors? For most non-China specialists, Chinese political theory and the rise of China have been a puzzle of seemingly contradictory factors. Yan Xuetong shows that the stronger a rising state's political leadership, the more likely it is to displace a prevailing state in the international system. Yan shows how rising states like China transform the international order by reshaping power distribution and norms, and he considers America’s relative decline in international stature even as its economy, military, political institutions, and technology hold steady. Leadership and the Rise of Great Powers offers a provocative, alternative perspective on the changing dominance of states.

This book provides an accessible and up-to-date account of the Chinese model of governance and the role of China in the world order. It offers a comprehensive analysis of the factors that have contributed to China’s rise, including economic, political, and social factors. It also discusses the challenges China faces as it continues to rise, including geopolitical, economic, and strategic challenges. The book is an important contribution to the field of international relations and will be of interest to policymakers, scholars, and students alike.

In summary, this book offers a clear and engaging analysis of China’s rise and its implications for the international system. It is a must-read for those interested in understanding China’s role in the world order.


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demonstrated the threat of civilizations but also shown how vital international cross-civilization cooperation is to restoring peace. As ideological distinctions among nations have been replaced by cultural differences, world politics has been reconfigured. Across the globe, new conflicts—and new cooperation—have replaced the old order of the Cold War era. The Clash of Civilizations and the Remaking of World Order explains how the population explosions in Muslim countries and the economic rise of East Asia are changing global politics. These developments challenge Western dominance, promote opposition to supposedly “universal” Western ideals, and intensify intercivilization conflict over such issues as nuclear proliferation, immigration, human rights, and democracy. The Muslim population surge has led to many small wars throughout Eurasia, and the rise of China could lead to a global war of civilizations. Huntington offers a strategy for the West to preserve its unique culture and emphasizes the need for people everywhere to learn to coexist in a complex, multipolar, multicivilizational world.

This clear, readable introduction to the popular field of military history is now available in a refreshed and updated second edition. It shows that military history encompasses not just accounts of campaigns and battles but includes a wide range of perspectives on all aspects of past military organization and activity. In concise chapters it explains the fundamental features of the field, including: the history of military history, showing how it has developed from ancient times to the present; the key ideas and concepts that shape analysis of military activity; it argues that military history is as methodologically and philosophically sophisticated as any field of history; the current controversies about which military historians argue, and why they are important. A survey of who does military history, where it is taught and published, and how it is practiced; A look at where military history is headed in the future. The new edition of What is Military History? provides an up-to-date bibliography and cutting edge new case studies, including counterinsurgency, and as such continues to be ideal for classes in military history and in historiography generally, as well as for anyone interested in learning more about the dynamics of a rich and growing area of study.

There is great interest in the Pacific Century and what its implications for the future will be. The rapid economic growth of East Asia was already setting the region apart from the rest of the world by the 1970s. By the 1980s the trend was seen to have spread southward to Thailand, Malaysia and Indonesia, while China’s provinces had also become integral to the regional economic boom. In this exciting new study many of the ideas and expectations associated with the Pacific Century are placed under critical scrutiny. The book includes studies of particular countries such as China, Japan, South Korea, Vietnam, Indonesia and Malaysia. There is analysis of economic and political trends in the region, the reasons behind its rise and its importance on a global scale. The rise of East Asia represents an historic turning point with immense significance world-wide. This book will be of interest to anyone concerned about the new approaches to and the debate about the rise of East Asia and the coming of the Pacific Century.